725.6 MIX DESIGN PROPORTIONING:

A concrete mix design carrying the producer's designated mix number for each type of concrete being furnished under these specifications shall be submitted to the Engineer at least once each year for approval. Each design shall utilize the proper proportioning of ingredients to produce a concrete mix that is homogeneous and sufficiently workable to provide a consistent and durable concrete product that meets the specified compressive strength and other properties as required by the application.

A concrete mix design submittal shall include the mix identification number and the applicable proportions, weights, and quantities of individual materials incorporated into the mix including the size and source of concrete aggregates, the type and source of cement and fly ash or SCM, and the brand and designation of chemical admixtures or other additives.

In the event there is a modification to the mix design proportions:

(A) Modifications that do not require a new mix design submittal/approval:
   (1) Modifications which do not result in batch target weights for the fine aggregate or combined coarse aggregates changing by more than 5 percent from the original approved mix design.
   (2) Modifications to the percentage of coarse aggregate fractions that do not change the total coarse aggregate volume.
   (3) Modifications to dosages of chemical or air-entraining admixtures, within the manufacturer’s recommendations.
   (4) The incorporation or elimination of chemical admixtures which are listed on the mix design to effect a change in the time-of-set (retarders or accelerators).

(B) Modifications that require a new mix design submittal/approval and may require performance verification:
   (1) Modification to the class of concrete per Table 725-1.
   (2) Modification to the type/class/source of cement, fly ash, natural pozzolan, or silica fume.
   (3) Modification to the percentage of fly ash, natural pozzolan, or silica fume.
   (4) Modification to a coarse aggregate size designation.
   (5) Modification of the type of chemical admixture, or the incorporation or elimination, of an air-entraining admixture.
   (6) Modification of coarse or fine aggregate source.